Indonesian's Abbreviation Used In Instagram Comment

Yudianto Theja Untoro[1]*, Arnelli[2]

[1][2]*Buddhi Dharma University*
Imam Bonjol Street No.41, Tangerang, Indonesia

[1]yudianto.theja@gmail.com
[2]Arnelli1434@gmail.com

Abstract

Abbreviation is the process of shortening certain words or phrases. Abbreviations are used by everyone, be it adults or teenagers. Abbreviations are widely used but mostly easily found in informal situation. The use of abbreviations is not only found in everyday conversation, but also found in social media. The purpose of this study is to find out the types of abbreviated words and the types of shifting abbreviations that appear on social media, especially in the comments column on Instagram. This study uses Weakly (2006) and Schendl Theory (2001) of five types of abbreviations and these types are clipping words, blending, acronyms, initialisms and contractions which are usually used in Instagram. This research uses descriptive qualitative research. Based on facts or what actually happened about the abbreviation. In the results of the study the authors found five types of abbreviations. These five types are: Word clippings, acronyms, initials, and contractions. There are 201 abbreviations that appear in Instagram comments. Word clipping 20 cases, Blending 82 cases, acronym 14 cases, Initialism 58 cases, and Contraction 27 cases. And the 13 shift abbreviation that appears in Instagram comments. Clipping words in 3 cases, Blending in 1 case, acronym in 1 case, Initialism in 3 cases, and Contraction in 5 cases.

I. INTRODUCTION

Along with the development of language use, humans also modify language in everyday life. One such modification is the word abbreviation. The use of abbreviations has been widely used around us. Abbreviations are widely used in spoken and written Indonesian conversation. Generally, general abbreviations such as units of measure, titles, and place names are always abbreviated in written form.The most common abbreviations often occur in social media. there are many social media with various uniqueness of their users. One of them is "Instagram". With this application, people can disseminate information through posts on Instagram about all activities carried out by their users. Other people who have an Instagram account can see what is shared and provide feedback about it and in the activity create indirect social interactions. That is why Instagram is categorized as a social media. In the process of social interaction that occurs on Instagram, many languages are found and this diversity makes someone interested in learning a language. And in the process of language learning we will find linguistic terms. Linguistics is the study of language which

---

* Corresponding author

consists of several sub-fields such as psycholinguistics, sociolinguistics, semantics, pragmatics, morphology, phonology, etc. And in this study, researchers focus on the field of morphology.

Morphology is the study of word structure. Since Morphology is the study of word structure, we will find the term word formation. In this topic discusses the process of word formation. According to Crystal., (2003) word formation as the whole process of morphological variation in the constitution of words. And one of the popular of word formation is abbreviation. Abbreviations are most often formed by taking the first letters of many word sequences to form new words. Cannon (2011) explains that abbreviations are short for a word or phrase. Initial letter abbreviations take the first letter of each important word in a short phrase to form an abbreviation. Prepositions are usually left out of the initial letter abbreviations. According to Hartman & Stork., (1973) abbreviations are shortening certain forms of language to reduce the time spent in using them, both in speech and in writing. The abbreviated form in Indonesian appears because of the need to speak practically and quickly. This need is felt in the technical field, such as the branch of science, the armed forces, the use of communication tools, and then spreads to the language used by the community. Currently, communication activities in society are not only limited to direct conversations or correspondence. The rapid advancement of technology makes it easier for humans to communicate anywhere and anytime. In this case, the author uses social media (instagram) as an example which is widely used by the community as an illustration of the use of nonverbal language seen from the comments because the comments section is a gathering place for someone with various kinds of creativity that can trigger an abbreviation word.

According to Kridalaksana., (1989) abbreviation is the process of cutting one word, several parts of the word and merging words into words in a new form. The formation of words like this is not foreign to the public because there are many abbreviations that appear. And based on these statements, the forms of abbreviations are divided into 5 types, namely clipping words, blends, acronyms, initialisms, and contractions. In abbreviations some of these words are already listed in the dictionary, but some of them have not because of the new language that has emerged and more advanced technology, abbreviations also have their own types of word formation. The author uses the theory of Weakly., (2006) and Schendl., (2001) which is known as types of abbreviation as a reference in this study. It can be seen that each abbreviation also has a meaning and is formed according to its type.

Morphology is the branch of linguistics (and one of the major components of grammar) that studies word structures, especially regarding morphemes, which are the smallest units of language. They can be base words or components that form words, such as affixes. The adjective form is morphological. In other words, Morphology is the study on how words are created from smaller elements, and the changes made to those smaller elements in the process of building lexemes and word-forms. In linguistics point of view, many experts define morphology as the study of the internal structure of words. According to McCharty., (2002), the area of grammar concerned with the structure of words and with relationships between words involving the morphemes that compose them is technically called morphology.

Language always raises new words systematically every day. Based on this sentence the writer has collected some observations from linguists. A meaningful passage where words can be separated—for example, smartest can be divided into smart+est--called morpheme of language. It is considered as the basic unit of meaning in a particular language. Based on the statement, morphology is talked about shapes of words and function changes the form of word, both grammatical functions and semantic functions.

Morpheme can be defined as a smaller part of words. From the Greek word morphe 'form, shape'; and morphemes can be thought of as the minimal units of morphology. According to Francis katamba., (1994), morpheme is used to refer to the smallest unit that has meaning or serves a grammatical function in a language. Morphemes are the atoms with which words are built. It is not possible to find sub-morphemic units that are themselves meaningful or have a grammatical function. Thus, given -less or un-, it would make no sense to try to assign some identifiable meaning to any part of these forms. Of course, it is possible to isolate the individual sounds /l-I-s/ or / -n/, but those sounds in themselves do not mean anything. Morphemes are also used to define the smallest invisible unit of grammatical semantic idea from which the word is made, for example: 'birds' (consisting of two morphemes: bird and -s which denotes the form of the plural), 'useful' (consisting of two morphemes: use and –ful which indicates the form of the adjective), 'cools' (consisting of two morphemes: cool and –s which indicates the simple present that the subject is singular). Usually morphemes are used again and again to form different words (Francis katamba,1994).

There are six possibilities of how a word can be created, which will be discussed later in order to understand complex abbreviations. According to David Crystal, an abbreviation is a short word that has been perfected in linguistic studies, this kind of word formation is common among people. Abbreviations can be found anywhere in any field, from abbreviations that are very commonly used in associations or titles, such as Perk BTB. for Perkumpuan Boen Tek Bio or LetKol. for Letnan Kolonel, for less commonly used abbreviations, such as abr. – abridged.

In general, an abbreviation is known as a form of a word or phrase that is shortened by the process of removing some letters or words. According to Hartman and Stork., (1973), "Abbreviation is the shortening of certain forms of language to reduce the time and energy spent in using them, both in pronunciation and writing. This means that by using abbreviations the author or speaker can use their time more effectively. So the main point of the abbreviation is for time efficiency."According to Kridalaksana in his book entitled pembentukan kata dalam bahasa Indonesia, points out that: "Abbreviation is the process of removing one of several parts of a lexeme or a combination of lexemes into a new form in the word status. Another term for abbreviations is shortening, while the results of the process are called abbreviations."Since most abbreviations relate to humans in various fields of activity, the human factor has an important role in the creation of abbreviations and is also very important to form semantics, because only humans can "put" a meaning in words.

Abbreviation is a process of cutting word forms, parts of words and combining words into new words. And abbreviations have various types of forms, such as acronyms, initials, fractions, and symbols. Based on Weakly., (2006) and Schendl's., (2001) theory, abbreviations are divided into six types. First, clipping word is a syllable that is cut off from a word. Clipping word is the characteristics of shortening but the removable element is not a affix but a part of the lexical. According to Scendl., (2001) the form of cliping the word will usually be the first or two syllable of the original. Second, blends are formed from the existing words and a combination of parts of two words. Third, acronym is formed from the full words taken from the initial letters of other words or the main part. The thing to emphasize here is that the acronym must be a word, this means that the initial letters combined must be pronounced. Fourth, Initialism is a type of abbreviation whose writing is always written in capital letters. Initialism is almost the same as an acronym but is not pronounced as a word and it gives the name for something that is still pronounced separately. Fifth, contractions are a short form where letters form the center, the full form has been removed. Contractions have two forms: The first is an abbreviation form of the

word that ends with the same letter as the word itself. And the second is a short way of writing two words as one by writing two shared words, leaving one or more letters and replacing the missing letters. Sixth, abbreviation shift is an abbreviation that overrides the rules of abbreviation formation. Based on the variants of the abbreviations above, several general abbreviations have shifted. This happens because the construction of the abbreviation above does not follow the Schendle theory., (2001) and Weakly., (2006).

In daily communication, we often find cases caused by mistranslation of writing, and misspellings of abbreviations on social media. The need to write quickly and briefly on social media encourages every individual to use word shortening. The writing of abbreviated words is often difficult to understand because of the misunderstanding of the meaning in the content and also because the form is not in accordance with the proper rules. Since of the many new abbreviations that appear in comments on Instagram, the main reason the author chooses abbreviation analysis on Instagram comment as the title of this thesis. Considering, currently there are often conflicts in individual groups caused by misunderstandings in the translation of the meaning of words compiled by someone on social media.

The use of social media cannot be separated from people's lives in today's modern era. When the use of social media develops, language develops, a person's life develops, it means the development of abbreviations also develops, we can use this to see how language develops. So when a person's creativity emerges, it shows that his language is also developing. Then on the other hand it can also be used to tell us as a representation of how people's social cognition develops. Abbreviations that occur in social media show that humans need to shorten a word but not lose the meaning in it. The need to type briefly, concisely and clearly makes a person create a new abbreviation from a combination of words that have different meanings or have their respective meanings, then from the combination of words produce a new abbreviation word with a new meaning as well.

Based on the explanation above, in this thesis the author tries to examine the problem of classification of types and also the correct rules of the abbreviated word that appears on Instagram. Because of ignorance of the development of a very fast language, many people experience a lag of a language development that occurs on Instagram. Therefore the author tries to raise this problem so that Instagram users can use the abbreviated word in accordance with the appropriate rules.

II. METHODS

The design used in this research is descriptive qualitative research. Qualitative descriptive means research based on facts or phenomena that commonly occur in real life. The researcher used this qualitative descriptive method to describe the phenomenon of the language used on Instagram. The researcher uses qualitative descriptive to describe and analyze the type of abbreviations used on Instagram. According to Gay., (1992), descriptive research involves collecting data in order to test hypotheses or to answer questions concerning the current status of the subject of the study. In this study the authors use secondary data, because the data sources that indirectly provide data to data collectors, for example through other people. In this case, the researcher obtained the data source from comments on Instagram.

The data source used by the researcher came from an Instagram account with the username memecomic.id. According to Creswell., (208), "The sample is the group of participants in a study selected from the target population from which the researcher generalizes to the target population." So the sample in general can be interpreted as a part or representative of the

population under study. Researchers took data sources by observing comment that occurred during Januari until may 2021. Actually, there are many abbreviations other than Instagram, but the reason the author chose Instagram over other social media is because Instagram is one of the many social media with quite a lot of active users, not only that based on the Napoleon Cat Report (15/11/ 2021, 15.20 WIB) shows that there are 91.01 million Instagram users in Indonesia in October 2021. This research data was taken from the social media Instagram. The author chose Instagram as the main source for data collection to complete this research. Before starting observation, the author determined the population and sample in this study. The population referred to in this study are comments made by all Instagram users in Indonesia and samples from this study are comments that containing popular abbreviations and viral in Indonesian.

III. RESULTS

After collecting data, the researcher analyzes data from the abbreviated words that appear in Instagram comments. Explanation of the results of this analysis will answer research questions; (1) What Types of Abbreviation used in Instagram comments?; (2) What Types of Shifting in Abbreviation Forming Process? The two research questions will be answered based on Weakly., (2006) and Schendl Theory., (2001).

A. Clipping words

After the researcher analyzed the data, it was found 20 the case of Clipping words. And all the abbreviations that appear in the comments are used to shorten the time in writing. Below are some examples.

Table 1. The List of Type of Clipping Word

No	Abbreviation words	Stands for	Type
1	blok	Goblok	Clipping word
2	Gan	Juragan	Clipping word
3	Jan	Jangan	Clipping word
4	Njir	Anjir	Clipping word
5	Jir	Anjir	Clipping word
6	Min	Mimin	Clipping word
7	Muna	Munafik	Clipping word
8	Cok	jancok	Clipping word
9	Kang	akang	Clipping word
10	moga	semoga	Clipping word
11	Insom	Insomnia	Clipping word
12	Kimak	Pukimak	Clipping word
13	sus	suspect	Clipping word
14	lum	belum	Clipping word
15	Simp	simpleton	Clipping word
16	Colab	collaboration	Clipping word
17	Sa	bisa	Clipping word
18	B	biasa	Clipping word
19	w	Guwa/gw	Clipping word
20	Fav	favourite	Clipping word

Based on table 1 above, it was found that there were 20 clipping word that appears in comments. Instagram users use the word *'goblok'* which is shortened to 'blok'. It's meaning in Indonesian according to *Kamus Besar Bahasa Indonesia* is *"kebodohan"*. Another abbreviation found is *'Juragan'* which is shortened to 'gan'. Abbreviations like this are not new abbreviations among people, especially in online shops. Because the word *'Juragan'* according to bahasadaring.com is usually used by teenagers who have an online buying and selling business.

this is a fairly familiar abbreviation. In addition there is the word *'jangan'* which is shortened to 'jan'. Then the abbreviation of Njir *(Anjir)*, Jir *(anjir)*, and min *(mimin)*. This abbreviation word according to bahasadaring.com is usually used by someone who is upset/surprised because of an uploaded post and is usually followed by mentioning the word 'min'. The abbreviation Cok is an abbreviation of '*Jancok'* which according to bahasadaring.com means a curse word that is popularly used in East Java. This word is similar to *setan, sialan, anjir* but with a more negative connotation. (This word is a harsh swear word).

Furthermore, the abbreviation kang which is an abbreviation of *'Akang'* is also used by Instagram users to call someone *"kakak"*. In addition there is the word moga which is an abbreviation of the word *'semoga'*. This word is usually used to pray for someone. Another familiar abbreviation is Insom which stands for 'Insomnia' according to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* this word means the state of not being able to sleep due to mental disorders.Then there is the word kimak which stands for 'Pukimak' which in Malay is a lowly and insulting language. Kimak and Pukimak according to quora.com refer to the genitals. Sus, which stands for 'suspect', is commonly used by Instagram users to identify someone as a *'tersangka'*. Lum is an abbreviation of 'Not yet' according to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* which is usually used to indicate an adverb that is still not in a state. Other familiar abbreviations found in Instagram comments are Collab and Fav which stands for "Collaboration" and "Favorite". The word collaboration in Indonesian means *'Kerja sama'* which is usually used when an Instagram user wants to invite him or her to work together on something. And favorite means in Indonesia is *'sangat menyukai sesuatu'*. Then the abbreviations sa *(bisa)*, B *(biasa)* and w *(guwa)* This abbreviation is used to make the word appear as short as possible.

B. Blending

In the case of the Blending type, data was found as much as 82 all the abbreviations that appear in the comments are used to shorten the time in writing. Below are some examples.

Table 2. The List of Type of Blending

No	Abbriviation words	Stands for	Type
1	Intel	Indomie+telor	Blending
2	Open BO	Open Booking out	Blending
3	Timteng	Timur tengah	Blending
4	Jones	jomblo ngenes	Blending
5	Jorkis	Jomblo anarkis	Blending
6	Mabar	maen bareng	Blending
7	Bucin	budak cinta	Blending
8	Nakes	Tenaga kesehatan	Blending
9	Palkon	Pala Kontol	Blending
10	Salfok	Salah fokus	Blending
11	Ojol	Ojek online	Blending
12	ortu	Orang tua	Blending
13	Bocil	Bocah cilik	Blending
14	Mingdep	Minggu depan	Blending
15	Togel	Toto gelap	Blending
16	pansos	Panjat sosial	Blending
17	Carmuk	Cari muka	Blending
18	Gercep	Gerak cepat	Blending
19	Baperan	Bawa perasaan	Blending
20	Gaptek	Gagal teknologi	Blending
21	bansos	Bantuan sosial	Blending
22	Warteg	Warung teknolgi	Blending
23	Kuproy	Kuli proyek	Blending

24	Prokes	Protokol kesehatan	Blending
25	Prokes	Prokontol kesehatan	Blending
26	Gabut	Gaji buta	Blending
27	Polbek	Follow back	Blending
28	Coeg	Cowo jelek	Blending
29	Ngisambar	Ngising sambil mabar	Blending
30	Ngabuburit	ngalantung ngadagoan burit	Blending
31	Pewe	Posisi enak	Blending
32	Bacol	Bahan coli	Blending
33	Saptu	Sarapan tugas	Blending
34	Satgas	Sarapan tugas	Blending
35	Ngibar	Ngising bareng	Blending
36	Mager	Males gerak	Blending
37	Soljum	Sholat Jumat	Blending
38	Tarkul	Tarik Kulit	Blending
39	Galer	Garuk Peler	Blending
40	Prokes	Protolol kesadaran	Blending
41	ProKeS	Protokol Kerajaan Siliwangi	Blending
41	Omdo	Omong doang	Blending
42	adkel	Adek kelas	Blending
43	Loker	Lowongan Kerja	Blending
44	Jamet	Jawa metal	Blending
45	TikTok	Itik dan entok	Blending
46	Colmek	Colok Memek	Blending
47	Nobar	Nonton bareng	Blending
48	kudet	Kurang update	Blending
49	caper	Cari perhatian	Blending
50	ponpes	Pondok pesantren	Blending
51	bundir	Bunuh diri	Blending
52	Gelay	Generasi alay	Blending
53	Pelakor	Perebut laki orang	Blending
54	Gelay	Gerakan Jablay	Blending
55	Uprak	Ujian praktek	Blending
56	Jamkos	Jam kosong	Blending
57	Curhat	Curahan hati	Blending
58	cilok	Aci dicolok	Blending
59	kultum	Kuliah tujuh menit	Blending
60	markicob	Mari kita coba	Blending
61	miras	Minuman keras	Blending
62	Coli	Ngocok peli	Blending
63	matot	Mati total	Blending
64	dewa kipas	Depan wanita kita pasrah	Blending
65	yt	Youtube	Blending
66	sg	Sebelum ganti	Blending
67	medsos	Media sosial	Blending
68	Curcol	Curhat Colongan	Blending
69	Bomat	Bodo amat	Blending
70	pulkam	Pulang kampung	Blending
71	Jilmek	Jilat memek	Blending
72	Decul	dedek-dedek cules	Blending
73	Mudik	Mulih dhisik	Blending
74	Cecan	Cewe cantik	Blending
75	Asbun	Asal bunyi	Blending

76	Mukbang	Muka bangke	Blending
77	Pildun	Piala Dunia	Blending
78	warlok	Warga lokal	Blending
79	salting	Salah tingkah	Blending
80	ngaceng	Ngakak kenceng	Blending
81	pakpol	Bapak polisi	Blending
82	mekdi	Memek dingin	Blending

Based on table 2 above, it was found that there were 82 blending word that appears in comments. Instagram users use the word Intel from the word *Indomie + telor*, this word means the pleasure of *Indomie* when combined with eggs. Another abbreviation found is Open BO as Open booking out which has a negative connotation according to Bahasadaring.com "As an abbreviation or communication code in the world of prostitution." This kind of abbreviation is quite often found in posts that feature women in sexy clothes.

Then the abbreviation of jones *(Jomblo ngenes)* and Jorkis *(Jomblo anarkis)*. According to bahasadaring.com this abbreviation are usually used to refer to someone whose love story is very sad and sometimes to the point of anarchic actions. The abbreviation Mabar is an abbreviation of '*Main bareng'* which according to bahasadaring.com is usually used to invite someone to play online games together such as PUBG, Among US, Mobile Legend, Uno, etc. In addition there is an abbreviation Bucin is usually used by Instagram users for the term someone who is very obsessed with his partner. Bucin itself according to bahasadaring.com is an abbreviation of *Budak cinta*.

The familiar abbreviation that is commonly found in 2021 is Nakes who stands for *Tenaga kesehatan* , and people usually use this abbreviation to refer to someone as a *Tenaga kesehatan* during Pandemi covid-19. There is also an abbreviation that has the same form is the Prokes is the *"Protokol kesehatan"*. But Indonesians who are already very bored with the word Protokol kesehatan make other meanings such as; *Prokontol kesehatan, Protolol kesadaran, and Protokol Kerajaan Siliwangi*. This is certainly very rare, but because of the creativity of Instagram users who can create a new meaning from the abbreviation that already existed. Another familiar abbreviation that is also usually found on Instagram is coli which stands for *Ngocok Peli*. Usually used in posts that contain sexy women. The meaning of coli according to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* itself is to stimulate the genitals by hand, usually done by adult men to get sexual satisfaction.

Another abbreviation that also has the same meaning is the curhat and curcol which stands for *curahan hati* and *curhat colongan*. The word curhat according to bahasadaring.com is usually used by someone when he wants to express his heart and curcol according to bahasadaring.com is usually used when someone is venting and others come to tell stories and that is called *curhat colongan.* Then the abbreviation of Pulkam and Mudik which stands for home home and Mulih Dhilik which comes from Javanese which according to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* means *Pulang sebentar* this word is usually used by Instagram users when celebrating Eid and want to return to his hometown. Furthermore, the abbreviation of salting which is *salah tingkah*, According to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia salah tingkah* is someone who is nervous or when he feels shame, so that his behavior becomes irregular.

C. Acronym

In the case of the Acronym, data was found as much as 14 all the abbreviations that appear in the comments are used to shorten the time in writing. Below are some examples.

Table 3. The List of Type of Acronym

No	Abbreviation words	Stands for	Type
1	Nolep	No life	Acronym

2	Simp	Sangat ingin mempunyai pacar	Acronym
3	Alay	Anak layangan/anak lebay	Acronym
4	Slur	Sedulur	Acronym
5	Doi	Dia orang istimewa	Acronym
6	Herex	Honda Exciting rider Extream	Acronym
7	inet	Internet	Acronym
9	ILY	I Love You	Acronym
10	ILY	Itu lonte ya	Acronym
11	ILY	Idup lu ya	Acronym
12	ILY	Indonesia lawak ya	Acronym
13	lol	Tolol	Acronym
14	Cie	Cause i envy	Acronym

Based on table 3 above, it was found that there were 14 Acronym that appears in comments. Instagram users use the word Nolep from the word 'no life', According to Bahasadaring.com it's a term for *"Seseorang yang lebih suka rebahan di rumah dan tidak melakukan apa-apa dan tidak punya tujuan apa-apa"*. Another abbreviation found is Simp as *'sangat ingin mempunyai pacar'*. Abbreviations like this look foreign because the context of using this abbreviation is when Instagram users comment on a post about intimacy while dating. Another abbreviation found is Alay as *'anak layangan/anak lebay'*. This kind of abbreviation not a new acronym among people even on Instagram. According to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* this word is usually indicated for someone whose style is quirky (weird).

Moreover, Slur is also used by Instagram users for the pronoun 'bro'/'gan'. Slur is an abbreviation of the word Sedulur from the Javanese language which according to bahasadaring.com means *"saudara"*. Another familiar abbreviation is Doi which stands for *'dia orang istimewa'*. People usually use this abbreviation to call someone he/she loves. Then the abbreviation of Herex derived from the word Honda Exciting Rider Extream, according to satukota.com the meaning of Herex itself is the modification of motorcycles in Indonesia is not inferior to various streams of car modification. Even in some regions it is also a unique style. Then Instagram users use inet abbreviations to refer to the term internet.

Another abbreviation that also has a similar form is ILY The real meaning is 'I Love You' in Indonesian *"Aku mencintaimu"*. But because the creative of Instagram users created new meanings from the abbreviation Ily such as; *Itu lonte ya, Idup lu ya*, dan *Indonesia lawak ya*. This word is only limited to jokes and only appears in one of the posts. The familiar abbreviation which is also usually found on Instagram is LOL, according to bahasadaring.com which stands for Laughing Out Loud, but there are some people who think that the abbreviation LOL is short for the word *'tolol'*. Then the abbreviation Cie which stands for Cause I Envy which according to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* means *'karena saya cemburu/iri'*. This word is often used to tease others, especially friends or acquaintances.

D. Initialism

In the case of the Initialism type, data was found as much as 58 and all the abbreviations that appear in the comments are used to shorten the time in writing. Below are some examples.

Table 4. The List of Type of Initialism

No	Abbreviation words	Stands for	Type
1	BTW	By the way	Initialism
2	IYKWIM	If you know what I mean	Initialism
3	NTR	Netorare	Initialism
4	WTF	What the fuck	Initialism
5	RTH	Ruang terbuka hijau	Initialism
6	SKCK	Surat keterangan catatan kepolisian	Initialism
7	PTN	Perguruan tinggi negeri	Initialism

8	PNS	Pegawai negeri sipil	Initialism
9	PTS	Perguruan tinggi swasta	Initialism
10	UTK	Uang kuliah tunggal	Initialism
11	HWD	Happy weding day	Initialism
12	OP	Over power	Initialism
13	NPC	Non playable character	Initialism
14	GGWP	Good game well played	Initialism
15	AFK	Away from keyboard	Initialism
16	B.O	Belanja Online	Initialism
17	TKJ	Teknik Kuli jawa	Initialism
18	LDR	LO Doang relationship	Initialism
19	LDR	Long distance reladiduain	Initialism
20	IPS	Ikatan Pelajar Sukses	Initialism
21	TKK	Teknik Kendaraan komputer	Initialism
22	SJW	Sosial justice warrior	Initialism
23	GCR	Google class room	Initialism
24	PTS	Penilaian tengah semester	Initialism
25	PAT	Penilaian akhir tahun	Initialism
26	MLM	Multi level marketing	Initialism
27	HBD	Happy birth day	Initialism
28	PSBB	Pembatasan sosial berskala besar	Initialism
29	WFH	Working from home	Initialism
30	BLT	Bantuan Langsung Tunai	Initialism
31	MPLS	Masa pengenalan lingkungan sekolah	Initialism
32	JDM	Japanese Domestic Market	Initialism
33	TKRO	Teknik kendaraan ringan otomotif	Initialism
34	UKK	Ujian Kompetensi keahlian	Initialism
35	USBK	Ujian Sekolah Berbasis computer	Initialism
36	WM	Water marking	Initialism
37	KPI	Komisi penyiaran indonesia	Initialism
38	POV	Point of view	Initialism
39	ILYSM	I Love You So much	Initialism
40	CSK	Cinta Sama Kamu	Initialism
41	ILYSM	Impian lama yang sangat menarik	Initialism
42	WO	Walk over	Initialism
43	BWF	Bandminton world fuck	Initialism
44	CLBK	Cebok lama bersih kaga	Initialism
45	BCL	Belom cebok lari	Initialism
46	DPO	Daftar pencarian orang	Initialism
47	FYP	For your page	Initialism
48	FYP	For your pleasure	Initialism
49	KOSN	Kompetisi olahraga siswa nasional	Initialism
50	IDGAF	I dont give a fuck	Initialism
51	PHP	Pemberi harapan palsu	Initialism
52	FWB	Friend with benefit	Initialism
53	FWB	Friend without brain	Initialism
54	FWB	Friend without benefit	Initialism
55	PJ	Pajak Jadian	Initialism
56	KM	Ketua murit	Initialism
57	THR	Tunjangan hari raya	Initialism
58	YNTKTS	Yo ndak tau kok tanya saya	Initialism

Based on table 4 above, it was found that there were 58 Initialisms that appeared in the comments. Instagram users use the word BTW. According to bahasadaring.com means in Indonesian is *"Ngomong-ngomong"*. Another abbreviation found is IYKWIM as 'If you know what I mean' which means *"jika kamu tahu maksud saya"*. According to bahasadaring.com this abbreviation is usually used to clarify something that is already clear. Then there is the abbreviation NTR which stands for the word 'Netorare'. According kumparan.com this word

comes from Japanese which is a term that is often used by anime lovers to describe the love story of someone who has been betrayed. Then there is the abbreviation WTF which is quite commonly found, WTF is an abbreviation of the word 'What the fuck'. According to bahasadaring.com this word is an angry expression, or is surprised to speak to a friend, don't use it to someone you just know.

There are also abbreviations such as PTN *(Perguruan tinggi negeri)*, PNS *(Pegawai negeri sipil)*, and PTS *(Perguruan tinggi swasta)*. Abbreviations like this are usually found in motivational jokes to enter state universities and also become civil servants in order to make ex regret and make parents proud. Abbreviations of OP (Over Power), NPC (Non Playable Character), GGWP (Good Game Well Played), and AFK (Away from Keyboard) are abbreviations that are usually found in posts about online games because this abbreviation is indeed a common term used when playing games. Then there is the abbreviation of TKJ as a *Teknik kuli jawa,* actually TKJ is an abbreviation of *teknik komputer & jaringan* but one instagram user made a joke and changed it to a *'Teknik kuli jawa'*, which is the nickname of a construction worker from the island of java who has the has the Most Famous Skills Compared to the Others.

Based on table 5 above, it was found that there were 58 Initialisms that appeared in the comments. Instagram users use the word BTW. According to bahasadaring.com means in Indonesian is *"Ngomong-ngomong"*. Another abbreviation found is IYKWIM as 'If you know what I mean' which means *"jika kamu tahu maksud saya".* According to bahasadaring.com this abbreviation is usually used to clarify something that is already clear. Then there is the abbreviation NTR which stands for the word 'Netorare'. According kumparan.com this word comes from Japanese which is a term that is often used by anime lovers to describe the love story of someone who has been betrayed. Then there is the abbreviation WTF which is quite commonly found, WTF is an abbreviation of the word 'What the fuck'. According to bahasadaring.com this word is an angry expression, or is surprised to speak to a friend, don't use it to someone you just know.

There are also abbreviations such as PTN *(Perguruan tinggi negeri)*, PNS *(Pegawai negeri sipil)*, and PTS *(Perguruan tinggi swasta)*. Abbreviations like this are usually found in motivational jokes to enter state universities and also become civil servants in order to make ex regret and make parents proud. Abbreviations of OP (Over Power), NPC (Non Playable Character), GGWP (Good Game Well Played), and AFK (Away from Keyboard) are abbreviations that are usually found in posts about online games because this abbreviation is indeed a common term used when playing games. Then there is the abbreviation of TKJ as a *Teknik kuli jawa,* actually TKJ is an abbreviation of *teknik komputer & jaringan* but one instagram user made a joke and changed it to a *'Teknik kuli jawa'*, which is the nickname of a construction worker from the island of java who has the has the Most Famous Skills Compared to the Others.

E. Contraction

In the case of the Contraction type, data was found as much as 27 and all the abbreviations that appear in the comments are used to shorten the time in writing. Below are some examples.

Table 5. The List of Type of Contraction

No	Abbreviation words	Stands for	Type
1	Bgst	bangsat	Contraction
2	Bgst	Bagus Sopan Terpelajar	Contraction
3	Ajg	anjing	Contraction
4	Gblk	goblok	Contraction

5	Bet	Banget	Contraction
6	Org	Orang	Contraction
7	Bhs	bahas	Contraction
8	Ntr	entar	Contraction
9	ttpmk	tatap muka	Contraction
10	Mlm	malem	Contraction
11	Syg	sayang	Contraction
12	Ttd	tityd	Contraction
13	Mon	Mohon	Contraction
14	leh uga	boleh juga	Contraction
15	S.Kom	Sarjana Kompa	Contraction
16	Stw	setengah tuwir	Contraction
17	Aee	Ajee	Contraction
18	Klw	Kalau	Contraction
19	Tw	Tau	Contraction
20	Ckptw	Cukup tau	Contraction
21	Lon-t	Lonte	Contraction
22	Kzl	Kesel	Contraction
23	Ez	Easy	Contraction
24	Sa ae	Bisa aja	Contraction
25	Gkpp	Enggak apa apa	Contraction
26	TT	Tete	Contraction
27	Cwk	Cewek/cowok	Contraction

Based on table 5 above, 27 contraction words were found in the comments. Instagram users use the word '*bangsat'* which is shortened to 'bgst'. The meaning in Indonesian according to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* is *"orang yang bertabiat jahat (terutama yang suka mencuri, mencopet, dan sebagainya)"*. There is also a different meaning from the abbreviation bgst, namely *"Bagus sopan terpelajar"*. Another abbreviation found is *'anjing'* which is shortened to 'ajg'. Abbreviations like this are not new abbreviations among the public, especially on social media. According to bahasadaring.com this word is usually used to swear on social media. And the word *'goblok*' which is shortened to 'gblk'. Its meaning in Indonesian according to *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia* is *"kebodohan"*. Then the abbreviations Bet *(banget)*, org *(orang),* bhs *(bahas)*, ntr *(entar),* mlm *(malam)* dan, syg *(sayang)*. This abbreviation is used to make the word appear as short as possible. In addition there is the word *'mohon'* which is shortened to 'mon'. Furthermore, the abbreviation leh uga which stands for *'boleh juga'* is often used by a group of teenagers to replace the word *"boleh juga"*. The abbreviation S.Kom is an abbreviation of *'Sarjana komputer'* but changed to *'Sarjana kompa'* because of the context of the post regarding tire repairmen.

And there is the word setengah tuwir which is shortened to 'stw' which according to id.quora.com means *'setengah tua'*. Then the abbreviations are aee *(Ajaa)*, klw *(kalau)*, tw *(tau)*, Ckptw *(cukup tau)*, Lon-t *(lonte)*, Kzl *(kesel)*, Ez (easy), sa ae *(bisa aja)* looks quite difficult to understand if you don't see the context of this word appearing but there is an easy way to find out the meaning of the abbreviation above, the way is to spell the words one by one. then the abbreviation Gkpp stands for *'enggak apa apa',* Furthermore, the abbreviation TT which stands for *'tete'*, and the last one is Cwk which is an abbreviation of the word *"Cewek/Cowok"* actually Cwk often confuses social media users because of its ambiguous or confusing meaning regarding a person's gender. So because of this this word is often used to make a joke on social media.

F. Shifting abbreviation

Shifting abbreviation is an abbreviation that is not based on the rules for forming abbreviations. In this case, 13 data were found and from all the shifts that appear in Instagram comments, and it happens because the construction of abbreviation does not follow theory of Schendle., (2001) and Weakly., (2006).

Table 6. The List of Type of Shifting

No	Abbreviation	Stands for	Type
1	YXGK	Ya kali gak kuy	Initialism
2	b4ng	abang	Clipping word
3	Y6	yang	Contraction
4	S7	setujuh	Contraction
5	A6	Asix	Contraction
6	9w	guwa/gw	Clipping word
7	P2W	pay to win	Initialism
8	Nj3r fuc3k	Anjer fuck	Clipping word
9	Yx	ya kali	Contraction
10	4ever	for ever	Contraction
11	00f b4p3r4n	off Bawa perasaan	Blending
12	O2SN	Olimpiade olahraga siswa nasional	Initialism
13	Al4y	anak layangan	Acronym

Based on table 6 above, it was found that there were 13 shifting abbreviation that appeared in the comments. Instagram users use the word *'Ya kali gak kuy'* which is shortened to 'YXGK'. According to bahasadaring.com this word is commonly used by a group of teenagers as a word of acceptance when being invited to travel by their friends. This word is included in shifting because in the construction of abbreviations letters and symbols cause a shift in abbreviations because there are no basic rules that allow for abbreviations to be made. Another abbreviation found is *'abang'* which is shortened to 'B4ng'. The number 4 is used to replace the letter 'a'. In the construction of abbreviations letters and numbers are combined into abbreviations. Combining words and numbers causes a shift in the construction of abbreviations because there are no basic rules that allow them to be made into abbreviations. Then, the pronunciation of the abbreviation is also different from the others because it uses numbers in the abbreviation (B4ng) and must be 'Bang'.

Then the abbreviations of the words Y6 *(yang)*, S7 *(setuju)*, A6 *(asix)*, and 9w *(Guwa/gw)*. These four abbreviations are included in the type of abbreviation shift because the combination of words and numbers causes a shift in the construction of abbreviations because there are no basic rules that allow them to be made into abbreviations. In addition, the pronunciation of the abbreviation is also different from the others because it uses numbers in the abbreviation. Furthermore, the abbreviation P2W which stands for 'Pay to Win'. According to yoursay.suara.com This word is usually used to refer to someone who pays something to get an easier win. And of course this abbreviation is included in shifting because of the use of the number 2 to replace the word 'to'. Then there is the word Nj3r Fuc3k which stands for 'Anjir fuck' which is an expression of surprise and annoyance. The number 3 here is used to replace the letter 'E'. Yx, which stands for *'ya kali'*. 4ever is an abbreviation of 'for ever' according to bahasadaring.com means forever usually used to express eternity or something that lasts a very long time. The number 4 is used to replace the word 'for'. The familiar abbreviation turned into an abbreviation shift found in Instagram comments is 00f b4p3r4n whose actual form is 'off *bawa perasaan'*. This word is shifted because of the use of numbers in writing the number 0 is used to replace the letter 'o' then number 4 is used to replace the letter 'a' and number 3 is used to replace the letter 'e'.

There is also an abbreviation which has been a form of shifting abbreviation. The word is O2SN from the word *'Olimpiade olahraga siswa nasional'*. The use of the number 2 for this abbreviation is intended to shorten the 2 letters 'O'. So O2 here means there are 2 letters 'O'. The first 'O' is for the *olimpiade* and the second 'O' is for *'olah raga'*. In addition there is the word Al4y which is an abbreviation of the word *'anak alay'*. This word is usually intended for someone whose style is quirky (weird), and the sentences made or written by that person cannot be read properly because it uses a combination of letters and numbers. And the average of the shifting abbreviations is made by *'Anak layangan'*.

IV. CONCLUSIONS

The author only examines the types of abbreviations in Instagram comments. Based on the results of research and discussion, it was found that many abbreviations used in the social media "Instagram". There are five types of abbreviations from Weakly., (2006) and Schendl Theory., (2001). They are clipping, blending, acronym, initialism and contraction words. Based on the sample data that has been obtained from January to May and the frequency with which this data is taken as a representative of the population studied, there are 201 abbreviations that appear in Instagram comments. Word clipping 20 cases, Blending 82 cases, acronym 14 cases, Initialism 58 cases, and Contraction 27 cases. And there are also 13 shifts in abbreviations that appear in Instagram comments, namely word clipping in 3 cases, Blending in 1 case, acronyms in 1 case, Initialism in 3 cases, and Contraction in 5 cases. Based on the results of research, on Instagram generally the use of abbreviations in writing words is one of the writing styles commonly used by young people. Abbreviations are useful for time effectiveness. Then the abbreviation is used to follow the trend of slang that continues to develop in society.

Based on the results of the research above, the authors would like to give some suggestions that can be considered by those who are also interested in learning about abbreviations and in making further research. which are as follows: (1) It is recommended to further researchers to conduct further research on abbreviated words, because every new word will always appear every day. (2) It is recommended that Instagram users continue to use correct and standard language, especially in formal situations because some Instagram users cannot understand the meaning of every word that appears. In addition, Instagram can be accessed by all groups so that there are no misunderstandings. (3) It is recommended that Instagram users use commonly used abbreviations One of the reasons people use abbreviations is to save time when typing, but it is recommended that Instagram users do not always use abbreviations, especially when writing in the comments column.

REFERENCES

Brown, H. D. 2000. Principles of language learning and teaching (4th ed.). New York: Longman.

Cannon, Garland. 2011. Abreviatons and Acronyms. The Amsterdam Dialect Society. London University Press.

Cartairs-McCarthy, Andrew. 2002. An Introducing to English

Morphology. Words and Their Structure. London : Edinburgh University Press Ltd.

Crystal, D. 2008. A dictionary of linguistics and phonetics (6 th ed.). New Jersey: Blackwell Publishing Ltd

Harimurti, Krisdalaksana. 1989. Pembentukan Kata Dalam Bahasa Indonesia.

Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Utama.

Hartman, R.R.K, and F.C Stork. 1973. Dictionary of Language and Linguistic. London: Aplied Science Publisher LTD.

Hudson, M. .2017. What is social media?. Retrieved from

https://www.thebalance.com/what-is-social-media-2890301.

Katamba, F. 2000. Morphology (2nd.). London : Oxford University Press

Plag, Ingo. 2003. Word-Formation in English. New York: Cambridge University Press.

Pratiwi, I. D., & Marlina, L. (n.d.). E-Journal of English Language & Literature An Analysis Of Abbreviation In Twitter Status Of Hollywood Pop Singers. http://ejournal.unp.ac.id/index.php/jell

Pujiyanti, A., & Nur Ardini, S. (n.d.). Analysis of Acronym and Abbreviations in IJAL Journal. Journal of English Language Learning (JELL), 3(2), 9–21.

Schendl, Hebert. 2001. Historical Linguistic. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Sponcil, M., & Gitimu, P. 2013. Use of social media by college students: Relationship to communication and self-concept. Journal of Technology Research, 4,11.

Wahyuni, A. T. (2017). Abbreviations Used In Social Media Facebook And Instagram A Thesis.

Weakly, Russ. 2006. Styling Abbreviation And Acronym. Retrieved from

http://www.Maxdesign.com.au//presentation/abbreviation on Monday, January 10, 2021 at 14.00 WIB

https://www.instagram.com/memecomic.id/?hl=id

https://www.bahasadaring.com/

https://kbbi.kemdikbud.go.id/